

ETR0405\_006

## PWM Control, PWM/PFM Switching Control, Step-Up DC/DC Converters, Externally Applied Vref

#### **■**GENERAL DESCRIPTION

☆Green Operation-Compatible

The XC9106 / XC9107 series are step-up DC/DC controller ICs with an externally applied reference voltage (Vref). Output voltage will be set with external resistors (RFB1 and 2) and Vref value. The series make it easy to control output voltage

Output voltage will be set with external resistors (RFB1 and 2) and Vref value. The series make it easy to control output voltage externally and are suited to software applications that need to vary voltage, such as LCD power supply for PDA.

Output will be stable no matter which load capacitors are used but if a low ESR capacitor is used, RSENSE of about  $0.1\Omega$  will be required and phase compensation will be achieved. This makes the use of ceramic capacitors much easier, and allows for lower output ripple and reduced PCB area requirements. Tantalum and electrolytic capacitors can also be used, in which case, RSENSE becomes unnecessary.

Oscillation frequencies of high clock, low ripple 300kHz and low supply current 100kHz are available.

The XC9107 series are PWM/PFM automatic switching controlled. Control switches from PWM to PFM during light loads with the XC9107 and the series is highly efficient from light loads to large output currents. By bringing the whole circuit down while the series is in the stand-by mode (CE/PWM pin: low), supply current can be reduced to less than  $1.0 \mu$  A.

## **■**APPLICATIONS

- Power supply for LCDs
- E-book Readers / Electronic dictionaries
- Smart phones / Mobile phones
- ●Note PCs / Tablet PCs
- Digital audio equipments
- Multi-function power supplies

#### **■**FEATURES

Input Voltage : 0.9V ~ 10V

Power

Supply Voltage Range : 1.8V~10.0V and more than

Vref+0.7V

**VREF Input Range** : 0.8V~2.5V (±2.0%)

Output Voltage : Vref x external split resistor ratio

Vout=Vref x (RFB1+RFB2)/RFB2

Oscillation Frequency : 300kHz, 100kHz (±15%)

Output Current : More than 30mA

(VIN=3.3V, VOUT=20V, when external components are

used as in the circuits below.)

Controls : PWM (XC9106)

: PWM/PFM auto-switching

(XC9107)

High Efficiency : 85% (TYP.)

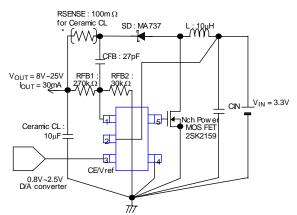
**Stand-by Current** : ISTB =  $1.0 \mu$  A (MAX.)

**Load Capacitors**: Low ESR capacitors compatible

Externally Applied Reference Voltage (Vref)
Packages : SOT-25, USP-6B

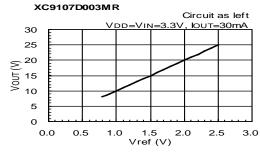
 $\textbf{Environmentally Friendly} \quad : \text{EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free}$ 

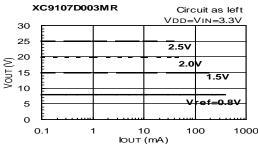
## **■**TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



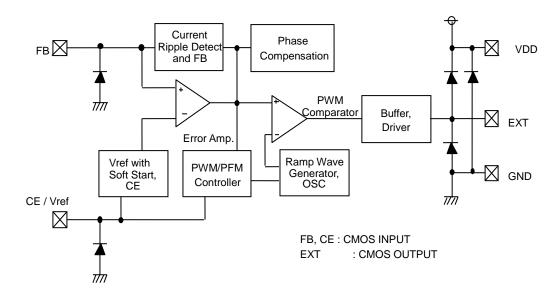
\* RSENSE is of no use in light load (uncontinuous mode) applications such as a small LCD, even using ceramic capacitor.

# ■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS





## **■BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## **■ PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION**

#### Ordering Information

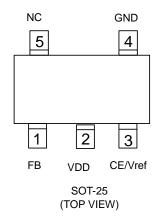
 $XC9106D(1)2(3)4(5)-6(^{(*1)})$ : PWM control

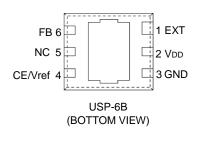
XC9107D(1)(2)(3)(4)(5)-(6)(\*1): PWM/PFM automatic switching control

DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
12	Reference Voltage (Apply External)	00	Fixed
@	Oscillation Fraguency	3	300kHz
3	Oscillation Frequency	1	100kHz
		MR	SOT-25 (3,000pcs/Reel)
	Packages	MR-G	SOT-25 (3,000pcs/Reel)
45-6	(Oder Unit)	DR	USP-6B (3,000pcs/Reel)
		DR-G	USP-6B (3,000pcs/Reel)

<sup>(\*1)</sup> The "-G" suffix indicates that the products are Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

## **■PIN CONFIGURATION**





\*The dissipation pad for the USP-6B package should be solder-plated in recommended mount pattern and metal masking so as to enhance mounting strength and heat release. If the pad needs to be connected to other pins. it should be connected to the VDD pin.

## **■ PIN ASSIGNMENT**

PIN N	UMBER	PIN NAME	FUNCTION
SOT-25	USP-6B	FIN INAIVIE	FUNCTION
1	6	FB	Output Resistor Connection
2	2	Vdd	Supply Voltage
3	4	CE/ Vref	Serves as Both Chip Enable Pin and Reference Voltage Apply Pin.
4	3	GND	Ground
5	1	EXT	External Transistor Connection
-	5	NC	No Connection

PIN NAME	SIGNAL	STATUS
CE/Vref	Н	Active(0.8 ~ 2.5V)
OE/ VIEI	L	Stand-by

## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMET	ER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS		
VDD pin Vol	tage	VDD	-0.3 ~ 12.0	V		
FB Pin Volt	tage	VFB	-0.3 ~ 12.0	V		
CE / Vref pin \	Voltage	Vce / Vref	-0.3 ~ 12.0	V		
EXT pin Vo	ltage	VEXT	-0.3 ~ VDD+0.3	V		
EXT pin Cu	rrent	lext/	±100	mA		
	SOT-25		150			
Dawer Dissipation		SOT-25	600 (40mm × 40mm Standard board) <sup>(*1)</sup>			
Power Dissipation (Ta=25°C)		Pd	Pd	Pd	760 (JESD51-7 board) <sup>(*1)</sup>	mW
(1a=25 C)	LICD CD		100			
	USP-6B		1000 (40mm x 40mm Standard board )(*1)			
Operating Temperature Range		Topr	-40 ~ +85	оС		
Storage Temperat	ture Range	Tstg	-55 ~ +125	оС		

<sup>(\*1)</sup> The power dissipation figure shown is PCB mounted and is for reference only. Please refer to PACKAGING INFORMATION for the mounting condition.

## ■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

XC9106D001MR, XC9107D001MR

(Fosc=100kHz)

Ta=25 °C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	Vout	Vref = 0.9V	8.820	9.000	9.180	V	1
Reference Voltage Range	Vref		0.8	-	2.5	V	-
		Vref = 0.8V	0.784	0.800	0.816		
FB Control Voltage	VFB	Vref = 0.9V	0.882	0.900	0.918	V	4
		Vref = 2.5V	2.450	2.500	2.550		
Supply Voltage Range (*1)	Vdd	VDD as shown right and (Vref applied voltage+0.7V)	1.8	-	10.0	V	-
Operation Start Voltage	VST1	Recommended Circuit using 2SD1628, IOUT=1.0mA	-	-	0.9	V	3
Oscillation Start Voltage (*1)	VST2	No external connections, CE/Vref=0.9V, Voltage applied, FB=0V	-	-	0.8	V	4
Operation Hold Voltage	VHLD	Recommended circuit using 2SD1628, IOUT=1.0mA	-	-	0.7	V	3
Supply Current 1	IDD1	Same as VST2, VDD=3.300V	-	29	41	μΑ	4
Supply Current 2	IDD2	Same as IDD1, FB=1.2V	-	14	19	μΑ	4
Stand-by Current	ISTB	Same as IDD1, CE/Vref=0V	-	-	1.0	μΑ	5
Oscillation Frequency	FOSC	Same as IDD1	85	100	115	kHz	4
Maximum Duty Ratio	MAXDTY	Same as IDD1	75	81	87	%	4
PFM Duty Ratio	PFMDTY	No Load (XC9107 series)	20	28	36	%	1
Efficiency	EFFI	Recommended circuit using XP161A1355	-	85	-	%	1
Soft-start Time	Tss	Vref=0.9V	5.0	10.0	20.0	mS	1
CE "High" Voltage	VCEH	Same as IDD1	0.65	-	-	V	5
CE "Low" Voltage	VCEL	Same as IDD1	-	-	0.20	V	5
EXT "High" ON Resistance	Rехтн	Same as IDD1, VEXT=VOUT-0.4V	-	24	36	Ω	4
EXT "Low" ON Resistance	REXTL	Same as IDD1, VEXT=0.4V	-	16	24	Ω	4
CE "High" Current	Ісен -	Same as IDD2, CE=0.8V	-1.0	-	0.0	^	5
_		Same as IDD2, CE=2.5V	0.0	-	2.5	μΑ	•
CE "Low" Current	ICEL	Same as IDD2, CE=0V	-	-	-0.1	μΑ	5
FB "High" Current	IFBH	Same as IDD2, FB=VDD	-	-	0.1	μΑ	5
FB "Low" Current	IFBL	Same as IDD2, FB=1.0V	-	-	-0.1	μΑ	5

Test Conditions: Unless otherwise stated, CL: Ceramic, recommended MOSFET should be connected.

Vref= 0.09V, Iout= 50mA VDD= 3.3V RFB1,2 × 10

VIN= 3.3V

#### NOTE:

<sup>\*1:</sup> Although the IC starts step-up operations from a VDD of 0.8V, the output voltage and oscillation frequency are stabilized at  $VDD \ge 1.8V$  and (Vref applied voltage +0.7V). Therefore, a VDD of more than 1.8V and (Vref applied voltage +0.7V) is recommended when VDD is supplied from VIN or other power sources.

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

XC9106D003MR, XC9107D003MR

(Fosc=300kHz)

Ta=25 °C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	Vout	Vref = 0.9V	8.820	9.000	9.180	V	1
Reference Voltage Range	Vref		0.8	-	2.5	٧	-
		Vref = 0.8V	0.784	0.800	0.816		
FB Control Voltage	VFB	Vref = 0.9V	0.882	0.900	0.918	V	4
		Vref = 2.5V	2.450	2.500	2.500		
Supply Voltage Range (*1)	Vdd	VDD as shown right and (Vref applied voltage+0.7V)	1.8	-	10.0	V	-
Operation Start Voltage	VST1	Recommended circuit using 2SD1628, Iout=1.0mA	-	ı	0.9	<b>V</b>	3
Oscillation Start Voltage (*1)	VsT2	No external connections CE/Vref=0.9V, Voltage applied, FB=0V	-	-	0.8	<b>V</b>	4
Operation Hold Voltage	VHLD	Recommended circuit using 2SD1628, IOUT=1.0mA	-	-	0.7	V	3
Supply Current 1	IDD1	Same as VsT2, VDD=3.3V	-	62	88	μΑ	4
Supply Current 2	IDD2	Same as IDD1, FB=1.2V	-	16	22	μΑ	4
Stand-by Current	ISTB	Same as IDD1, CE/Vref=0V	-	-	1.0	μΑ	5
Oscillation Frequency	FOSC	Same as IDD1	255	300	345	kHz	4
Maximum Duty Ratio	MAXDTY	Same as IDD1	75	81	87	%	4
PFM Duty Ratio	PFMDTY	No Load (XC9107 series)	24	32	40	%	1
Efficiency	EFFI	Recommended circuit using XP161A1355	-	85	-	%	1
Soft-start Time	Tss	Vref=0.9V	5.0	10.0	20.0	mS	1
CE "High" Voltage	VCEH	Same as IDD1	0.65	-	-	V	5
CE "Low" Voltage	VCEL	Same as IDD1	-	-	0.20	V	5
EXT "High" ON Resistance	Rехтн	Same as IDD1, VEXT=VOUT-0.4V	-	24	36	Ω	4
EXT "Low" ON Resistance	REXTL	Same as IDD1, VEXT=0.4V	-	16	24	Ω	4
CE "Ligh" Current	ІСЕН	Same as IDD2, CE=0.8V	-1.0	-	0.0		<u> </u>
CE "High" Current		Same as IDD2, CE=2.5V	0.0	-	2.5	— μA ⑤	
CE "Low" Current	ICEL	Same as IDD2, CE=0V	-	-	-0.1	μΑ	5
FB "High" Current	IFBH	Same as IDD2, FB=VDD	-	-	0.1	μA	5
FB "Low" Current	IFBL	Same as IDD2, FB=1.0V	-	-	-0.1	μΑ	5

Test Conditions: Unless otherwise stated, CL: Ceramic, recommended MOSFET should be connected.

VDD= 3.3V  $\rightarrow$  Vref= 0.09V, RFB1,2  $\times$  10

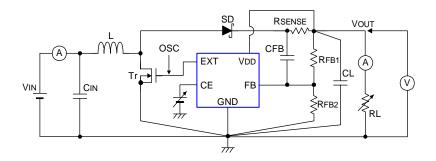
VIN= 3.3V  $\rightarrow$  IOUT= 50mA

#### NOTE:

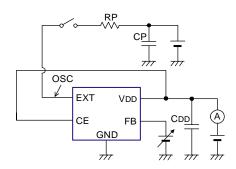
<sup>\*1:</sup> Although the IC starts step-up operations from a VDD of 0.8V, the output voltage and oscillation frequency are stabilized at VDD ≧ 1.8V and (Vref applied voltage+0.7V). Therefore, a VDD of more than 1.8V and (Vref applied voltage+0.7V) is recommended when VDD is supplied from VIN or other power sources.

## **■**TEST CIRCUITS

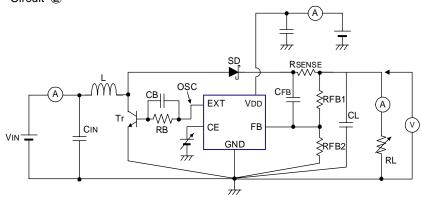
#### Circuit ①



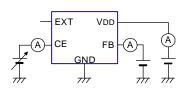
Circuit 4



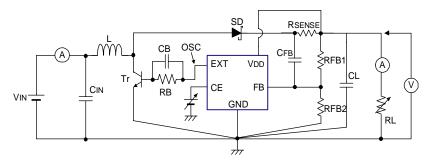
Circuit ②



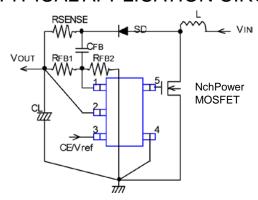
Circuit ⑤



Circuit ③



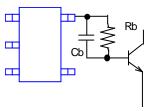
## **■**TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



When obtaining VDD from a source other than VOUT, please insert a capacitor CDD between the

VDD pin and the GND pin in order to provide stable operations.

Please wire CL & CIN between the Vout/VDD pin and the GND pin. Strengthen the wiring sufficiently. When using a capacitor other than ceramic or low ESR at CL, please take away RSENSE and short.



Insert Rb and CB when using a bipolar NPN Transistor.

#### **■**OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION

The XC9106 / 07 series are reference voltage (Vref) apply external step-up DC/DC controller ICs. Output voltage will be set with external resistors (RFB1 and RFB2) and Vref value. The series make it easy to control output voltage externally and are suited to software applications that need to vary voltage such as LCD power supply for PDA.

#### <Error Amp.>

Error amplifier is designed to monitor the output voltage, comparing the feedback voltage (FB) with the reference voltage Vref. In response to feedback of a voltage lower than the reference voltage Vref, the output voltage of the error amp. decreases.

#### <OSC Generator>

This circuit generates the internal reference clock.

#### <Ramp Wave Generator>

The ramp wave generator generates a saw-tooth waveform based on outputs from the OSC generator.

#### <PWM Comparator>

The PWM comparator compares outputs from the error amp. and saw-tooth waveform. When the voltage from the Error amp's output is low, the external switch will be set to ON.

#### <PWM / PFM Controller>

This circuit generates PFM pulses.

The PWM/PFM automatic switching mode switches between PWM and PFM automatically depending on the load. PWM/PFM control turns into PFM control when threshold voltage becomes lower than voltage of error amps. Noise is easily reduced with PWM control since the switching frequency is fixed. Because of the function, control suited to the application can easily be selected. The series suitable for noise sensitive portable audio equipment as PWM control can suppress noise during operation and PWM/PFM switching control can reduce consumption current during light loads in stand-by.

#### <Vref 1 with Soft Start>

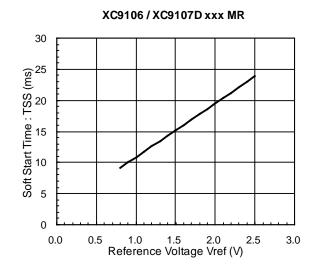
The reference voltage of the XC9106/9107 series is adjusted and fixed by external applied voltage. (For output voltage settings, please refer to the output voltage setting.)

To protect against inrush current, when the power is switched on, and also to protect against voltage overshoot, soft-start time is set internally to 10ms. It should be noted, however, that this circuit does not protect the load capacitor (CL) from inrush current. With the Vref voltage limited, and depending upon the input to error amp, the operation maintains a balance between the two inputs of error amps and controls the EXT pin's ON time so that it doesn't increase more than is necessary.

The XC9106/9107 series alters soft start times by the setting value of reference voltage in order to protect against voltage overshoot and also to protect against inrush current. Please determine soft start time by the formula equation.

 $Tss = 8.65 \times Vref + 2.21$ 

[Example Computation] Vref = 0.9V,  $Tss = 8.65 \times 0.9 + 2.21 = 10.0 ms$ 



#### <Enable Function>

This function controls the operation and shutdown of the IC. When the voltage of the CE pin drops to 0.2V or less, disable mode will be entered, the IC's operations will stop and the EXT pin will be kept at a low level (the external N-ch MOSFET will be OFF). When the IC is in a state of chip disable, current consumption will be no more than 1.0μA.

When the CE pin's voltage rises to 0.65V or more, enable mode will be entered and operations will recommence. The CE pin also doubles with reference voltage in the XC9106/9107 series, and the range of reference voltage can be varied externally from 0.8V to 2.5V.

## ■OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION (Continued)

#### <Output Voltage Setting>

Output voltage can be set by adding external split resistors. Output voltage is determined by the following equation, based on the values of RFB1 and RFB2. The sum of RFB1 and RFB2 should normally be  $2M\Omega$  or less. The range of reference voltage of the series can be varied externally from 0.8V to 2.5V.

Vout = Vref applied voltage × (RFB1 + RFB2) / RFB2

The value of CFB1, speed-up capacitor for phase compensation, should result in fzfb =  $1/(2\pi \times \text{CFB} \times \text{RFB1})$  equal to 5 to 30kHz. Adjustments are required depending on the application, value of inductance (L), and value of load capacity (CL).

#### <The Use of Ceramic Capacitor CL>

The circuit of the XC9106/9107 series is organized by a specialized circuit, which reenacts negative feedback of both voltage and current. Also by insertion of approximately  $100 \text{m}\Omega$  of a low and inexpensive sense resistor as current sense, a high degree of stability is possible even using a ceramic capacitor, a condition, which used to be difficult to achieve. Compared to a tantalum condenser, because the series can be operated in a very small capacity, it is suited to use of the ceramic capacitor, which is cheap and small.

#### ■ RECOMMENDED EXTERNAL COMPONENTS

Tr: \*When a MOSFET is used: \*When a NPN Tr. is used:

2SK2159 (N-ch Power MOSFET, NEC) 2SD1628 (SANYO)

Note\*: With direct voltages over 4.5V, use the Rb : 500Ω (adjust with Tr's HFE or load)

XP161A11A1PR. Cb : 2200pF (ceramic type)

 $Cb \leq 1/(2\pi \times Rb \times FOSC \times 0.7)$ 

SD: MA2Q737 (Schottky Diode type, MATSUSHITA)

L, CL: Adjust as below according to the condition and peripheral components

When Ceramic capacitor is used:

L:  $22\mu H$  (CDRH5D28, SUMIDA, FOSC = 100kHz)

 $10\mu H$  (CDRH5D28, SUMIDA, FOSC = 300kHz)

CL: 10V,  $10\mu F$  (Ceramic capacitor, LMK325BJ106ML, TAIYOYUDEN)

Use the formula below when step-up ratio and output current is large.

 $CL = (CL \text{ standard value}) \times (IOUT(mA) / 300mA \times VOUT / VIN)$ 

RSENSE :  $100m\Omega$  (FOSC = 300kHz)

 $50m\Omega$  (FOSC = 100kHz)

When Tantalum capacitor is used:

L:  $22\mu H$  (CDRH5D28, SUMIDA, FOSC = 300kHz)

 $47\mu$ H (CDRH5D28, SUMIDA, FOSC = 100kHz)

Except when  $IOUT(mA) / 100mA \times VOUT / VIN > 2 \rightarrow 22\mu H$ 

CL: 16V, 47µF (Tantalum type 16MCE476MD2, NIPPONCHEMI)

Use the formula below when step-up ratio and output current is large.

 $C_L = (C_L \text{ standard value}) \times (I_{OUT}(mA) / 300mA \times V_{OUT} / V_{IN})$ 

RSENSE: Not required, but short out the wire.

When AL Electrolytic capacitor is used:

L:  $22\mu H$  (CDRH5D28, SUMIDA, FOSC = 300kHz)

 $47\mu H$  (CDRH5D28, SUMIDA, FOSC = 100kHz)

Except when  $IOUT(mA) / 100mA \times VOUT / VIN > 2 \rightarrow 22\mu H$ 

CL: 16V,  $100\mu$ F (AL electrolytic type) +10V,  $2.2\mu$ F (ceramic type)

Strengthen appropriately when step-up ratio and output current is large.

RSENSE: Not required, but short out the wire.

CFB: Set up so that fzfb = 100kHz.

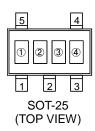
## ■ PACKAGING INFORMATION

For the latest package information go to, www.torexsemi.com/technical-support/packages

PACKAGE	OUTLINE / LAND PATTERN	THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS		
SOT-25	SOT 25 DVC	Standard Board	SOT 25 Dower Discipation	
501-25	SOT-25 PKG	JESD51-7 Board	SOT-25 Power Dissipation	
USP-6B	USP-6B PKG	Standard Board	USP-6B Power Dissipation	

#### **■**MARKING RULE

#### ●SOT-25



#### ①② represents product series

MA	ARK	PRODUCT SERIES
1	2	PRODUCT SERIES
6	D	XC9106D00xMx
7	D	XC9107D00xMx

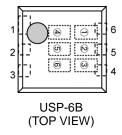
#### 3 represents oscillation frequency

MARK	OSCILLATION FREQUENCY	PRODUCT SERIES
1	100kHz	XC9106/07D001Mx
3	300kHz	XC9106/07D003Mx

#### 4 represents production lot number

0 to 9,A to Z reverse character 0 to 9,A to Z repeated (G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded)

#### ●USP-6B



#### 12 represents product series

MARK		PRODUCT SERIES
1	2	PRODUCT SERIES
U	D	XC9106D00xDx
L	D	XC9107D00xDx

#### 34 represents FB voltage

MARK		PRODUCT SERIES
3	4	FRODUCT SERIES
0	0	XC9106D00xDx
0	0	XC9107D00xDx

#### (5) represents oscillation frequency

MARK	OSCILLATION FREQUENCY	PRODUCT SERIES
1	100kHz	XC9106/07D001Dx
3	300kHz	XC9106/07D003Dx

### 6 represents production lot number

0 to 9,A to Z repeated (G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded).

Note: No character inversion used.

- 1. The product and product specifications contained herein are subject to change without notice to improve performance characteristics. Consult us, or our representatives before use, to confirm that the information in this datasheet is up to date.
- 2. The information in this datasheet is intended to illustrate the operation and characteristics of our products. We neither make warranties or representations with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this datasheet nor grant any license to any intellectual property rights of ours or any third party concerning with the information in this datasheet.
- Applicable export control laws and regulations should be complied and the procedures required by such laws and regulations should also be followed, when the product or any information contained in this datasheet is exported.
- 4. The product is neither intended nor warranted for use in equipment of systems which require extremely high levels of quality and/or reliability and/or a malfunction or failure which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury, serious property damage including but not limited to devices or equipment used in 1) nuclear facilities, 2) aerospace industry, 3) medical facilities, 4) automobile industry and other transportation industry and 5) safety devices and safety equipment to control combustions and explosions. Do not use the product for the above use unless agreed by us in writing in advance.
- 5. Although we make continuous efforts to improve the quality and reliability of our products; nevertheless Semiconductors are likely to fail with a certain probability. So in order to prevent personal injury and/or property damage resulting from such failure, customers are required to incorporate adequate safety measures in their designs, such as system fail safes, redundancy and fire prevention features.
- 6. Our products are not designed to be Radiation-resistant.
- 7. Please use the product listed in this datasheet within the specified ranges.
- 8. We assume no responsibility for damage or loss due to abnormal use.
- 9. All rights reserved. No part of this datasheet may be copied or reproduced unless agreed by Torex Semiconductor Ltd in writing in advance.

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