













TS5A12301E

SCES707C - AUGUST 2008 - REVISED DECEMBER 2016

TS5A12301E IEC Level 4 ESD-protected 0.75-Ω SPDT Analog Switch With 1.8-V Compatible Input Logic

1 Features

- Low ON-State Resistance (0.75 Ω)
- Low Charge Injection
- Excellent ON-State Resistance Matching
- Isolation in Power-Down Mode, $V_{CC} = 0$
- Specified Break-Before-Make Switching
- 2.25-V to 5.5-V Power Supply (V_{CC})
- 6-M Ω Input Pulldown Allows Control Input (IN) to Be Unconnected
- 1.8-V Compatible Control Input Threshold Independent of V_{CC}
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
 - 3000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- ESD Performance COM Port to GND
 - 8000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
 - ±8-kV Contact Discharge (IEC 61000-4-2)
 - ±15-kV Air-Gap Discharge (IEC 61000-4-2)

2 Applications

- Cell Phones
- PDAs
- Portable Instrumentation
- MP3 Players
- Portable Media Players

3 Description

The TS5A12301E device is a bidirectional, 1-channel, single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switch that is designed to operate from 2.25 V to 5.5 V. The device offers a low ON-state resistance with excellent channel-to-channel ON-state resistance matching and the break-before-make feature to prevent signal distortion during the transferring of a signal from one path to another.

The device has excellent total harmonic distortion (THD) performance and consumes very low power. These features make this device suitable for portable audio applications. The control input (IN) pin can be connected to low-voltage GPIOs, allowing it to be controlled by 1.8-V signals.

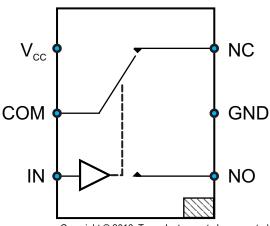
The TS5A12301E has \pm 15-kV air-gap discharge and \pm 8-kV contact discharge ESD protection for the COM port to GND, which makes it compliant with the IEC Level 4 ESD standard (IEC 61000-4-2).

Device Information⁽¹⁾

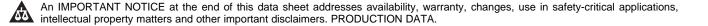
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
TS5A12301E	DSBGA (6)	1.16 mm × 0.76 mm		

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Simplified Schematic



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Page

Page

Table of Contents

1	Feat	tures 1
2	Арр	lications 1
3	Des	cription 1
4	Rev	ision History 2
5	Pin	Configuration and Functions 3
6		cifications 4
	6.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings 4
	6.2	ESD Ratings 4
	6.3	Recommended Operating Conditions 4
	6.4	Thermal Information 5
	6.5	Electrical Characteristics – 5-V Supply 5
	6.6	Electrical Characteristics – 3.3-V Supply 7
	6.7	Electrical Characteristics – 2.5-V Supply
	6.8	Typical Characteristics 10
7	Para	ameter Measurement Information 12
8	Deta	ailed Description 16
	8.1	Overview

	8.2	Functional Block Diagram	16
	8.3	Feature Description	16
	8.4	Device Functional Modes	16
9	Appl	ication and Implementation	17
	9.1	Application Information	17
	9.2	Typical Application	17
10	Pow	er Supply Recommendations	18
11	Layo	out	18
	11.1	Layout Guidelines	18
	11.2	Layout Example	18
12	Devi	ice and Documentation Support	19
	12.1	Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates	19
	12.2	Community Resources	19
	12.3	Trademarks	19
	12.4	Electrostatic Discharge Caution	19
	12.5	Glossary	19
13		hanical, Packaging, and Orderable	
	Infor	mation	19

4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision B (April 2011) to Revision C

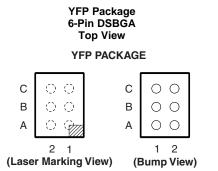
•	Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section.	1
•	Changed all references of V+ pin to V _{CC}	1
•	Deleted Ordering Information table; see POA at the end of the data sheet	
•	Deleted Summary of Characteristics table	1
•	Changed continuous current parameter symbol from: I+ to: ICC	4
•	Moved the on-state switch current and on-state peak switch current parameters to the Recommended Operating Conditions	4
•	Changed RthetaJA value for the YFP package from: 154.2°C/W to: 123.4°C/W	5
•	Removed analog signal range parameters from the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> tables	5
•	Deleted Leakage Current vs Temperature (V _{CC} = 5 V) graph	10
•	Deleted Control Input Thresholds graph	
•	Added ohm symbols to Figure 18, Figure 19, and Figure 22	

Changes from Revision A (December 2009) to Revision B

•	Added Logic Diagram	1



5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN NAME NO.		1/0	DESCRIPTION	
		- I/O		
COM	B2	I/O	Common signal path	
GND	B1	—	Ground	
IN	A2	I	Digital control: High = COM connected to NO Low = COM connected to NC Floating = COM connected to NC	
NC	C1	I/O	Normally closed signal path	
NO	A1	I/O	Normally open signal path	
V _{CC}	C2	_	Power supply	

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽³⁾		-0.5	6.5	V
V _{NC} , V _{NO} , V _{COM}	Analog voltage ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
I _{IK}	Analog port diode current	V_{CC} < $V_{NC},$ $V_{NO},$ $V_{COM},$ or $V_{NC},$ $V_{NO},$ V_{COM} < 0	-50	50	mA
V _{IN}	Digital input voltage ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾		-0.5	6.5	V
I _{IK}	Digital input clamp current	V ₁ < 0	-50		mA
ICC, I _{GND}	Continuous current through V_{CC} or (GND	-100	100	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The algebraic convention (whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum)

(3) All voltages are with respect to ground (unless otherwise specified).

(4) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.

(5) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±8000	
V	Flastraatatia diasharaa	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±8000	V
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Contact discharge (IEC 61000-4-2)	8000	V
		Air-gap discharge (IEC 61000-4-2)	15000	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		2.25	5.5	V
V _{NC} , V _{NO} , V _{COM}	Analog voltage		0	V _{CC}	V
V _{IN}	Digital input voltage		0	5.5	V
I _{NC} ,	On-state switch current	V_{NC} , V_{NO} , $V_{COM} = 0$ to V_{CC}	-450	450	
I _{NO} , I _{COM}	On-state peak switch current ⁽¹⁾	V_{NC} , V_{NO} , $V_{COM} = 0$ to V_{CC}	-700	700	mA
T _A	Operating temperature		-40	85	°C

(1) Pulse at 1-ms duration < 10% duty cycle

6.4 Thermal Information

		TS5A12301E	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	YFP (DSBGA)	UNIT
		6 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ⁽²⁾	123.4	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	1.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	37.6	°C/W
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.4	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	37.7	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

(2) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics – 5-V Supply

 V_{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V and T_{A} = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted) $^{(1)}$

P/	ARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	6	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ANALOG SWI	тсн						
r	ON state registeres	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$,	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		0.5	0.75	Ω
r _{on}	ON-state resistance	and V_{CC} = 4.5 V (see Figure 12)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$			0.8	Ω
	ON-state resistance	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$,	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		0.05	0.1	
Δr_{on}	match between channels	and $V_{CC} = 4.5 V$ (see Figure 12)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$			0.1	Ω
	ON-state resistance	$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_{CC}, I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$ and $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (see Figure 12)	V _{CC} = 4.5 V,		0.15		
r _{on(flat)}	flatness	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V},$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		0.1	0.2	Ω
		$I_{COM} = -100$ mA, and $V_{CC} = 4.5$ V (see Figure 12)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$			0.25	
		$V_{NO} = 1 V, 4.5 V, V_{COM} = 4.5 V, 1 V,$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-20	2	20	
I _{NO(OFF)} , I _{NC (OFF)}	NO and NC OFF leakage current		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-100		100	nA
I _{NO(PWROFF)} ,	NO and NC PWROFF	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 0$ V to 5.5 V, $V_{COM} = 5.5$ V	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-10		10	
INC (PWROFF)	leakage current		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-10		10	μA
	NC and NO ON	$V_{NO} = 1 V, 4.5 V, V_{COM}, V_{NC} = open, or$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-20	2	20	
I _{NO(ON)}	leakage current	V_{NC} = 1 V, 4.5 V, V_{COM} , V_{NO} = open, and V_{CC} = 5.5 V (see Figure 14)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-200		200	nA
		V_{COM} = 1 V, 4.5 V, V_{NO} and V_{NC} = open,	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-20	2	20	
I _{COM(ON)}	COM ON leakage current	or $V_{COM} = 1 V$, 4.5 V, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = open, and V_{CC} = 5.5 V (see Figure 14)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-200		200	nA
1	COM OFF leakage	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0 V to 5.5 V, V_{COM} = 5.5 V	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-10		10	
ICOM(PWROFF)	current	to 0 V, and $V_{CC} = 0$ V (see Figure 13)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-10		10	μA
DIGITAL CON	TROL INPUT (IN)						
V _{IH}	Input logic high	V_{CC} = 5.5 V and T_A = -40°C to 85°C		1.05		5.5	V
V _{IL}	Input logic low	V_{CC} = 5.5 V and T_A = -40°C to 85°C		0		0.65	V
I _{IH} , I _{IL}	Input leakage current	V_{IN} = 1.95 V or 0 V, V_{CC} = 5.5 V, and T_{A}	= -40°C to 85°C	-0.05		0.5	μA
r _{IN}	Input resistance	V_{IN} = 1.95 V, V_{CC} = 5.5 V, and T_{A} = –40°	C to 85°C		6		MΩ

(1) The algebraic convention (whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum)

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Electrical Characteristics – 5-V Supply (continued)

 V_{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V and T_{A} = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted) $^{(1)}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DYNAMIC							
+	Turnon time	V _{COM} = V _{CC} , R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 35 pF	$V_{CC} = 5 V$ and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		110	225	200
t _{ON}	rumon time	(see Figure 16)	V_{CC} = 4.5 V and T_A = -40°C to 85°C			250	ns
	Turnoff time	V _{COM} = V _{CC} , R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 35 pF	$V_{CC} = 5 V$ and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		100	215	20
t _{OFF}	rumon time	(see Figure 16)	V_{CC} = 4.5 V and T_A = -40°C to 85°C			225	ns
	Break-before-make	V _{COM} = V _{CC} , R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 35 pF	$V_{CC} = 5 V$ and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	1	10	15	20
t _{BBM}	time	(see Figure 17)	V_{CC} = 4.5 V and T_A = -40°C to 85°C	1		20	ns
Q _C	Charge injection	$V_{GEN} = 0$, $R_{GEN} = 0$, $C_L = 1$ nF, $V_{CC} = 5$ (see Figure 21)	5 V, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		97		рС
C _{NO(OFF)}	NO OFF capacitance	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = V_{CC} or GND, switch OFF and T_A = 25°C (see Figure 15)	, V _{CC} = 5 V,		28		pF
C _{NC(ON)} , C _{NO(ON)}	NC and NO ON capacitance	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = V_{CC} or GND, switch ON, and T_A = 25°C (see Figure 15)	$V_{CC} = 5 V,$		112		pF
C _{COM(ON)}	COM ON capacitance	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$ or GND, switch ON, $V_{CC} =$ (see Figure 15)	= 5 V, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		112		pF
CI	Digital input capacitance	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND, and T_{A} = 25°C (see	e Figure 15)		3		pF
BW	Bandwidth	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, switch ON, $V_{CC} = 5 V$, and (see Figure 18)	T _A = 25°C		55		MHz
O _{ISO}	OFF isolation	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz, $V_{CC} = 5 V$, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (see Figure 19)			-63		dB
X _{TALK}	Crosstalk	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz, $V_{CC} = 5 V$, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (see Figure 20)			-63		dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	R_L = 600 $\Omega,~C_L$ = 50 pF, f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, V_{CC} = 5 V, and T_A = 25°C (see Figure 22)			0.003 %		
SUPPLY							
ICC	Positive supply current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND, $V_{CC} = 5.5$ V, and T,	$_{A} = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85°C			10	μΑ



6.6 Electrical Characteristics – 3.3-V Supply

 V_{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V and T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PA	RAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
ANALOG SWI	тсн						
r	ON-state resistance	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 2 V, I_{COM} = -100 mA, switch ON, and V_{CC} = 3 V (see	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		0.75	0.9	Ω
r _{on}	ON-State resistance	Figure 12)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$			1.2	52
Δr_{on}	ON-state resistance match between	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 2 V$, 0.8 V, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$, switch ON, and	$T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$		0.1	0.15 0.15	Ω
	channels	$V_{CC} = 3 V$ (see Figure 12) $0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_{CC}, I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	switch ON,		0.2	0.10	
	ON-state resistance	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (see Figure 12) $V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$, 2 V,) T _A = 25°C		0.1	0.2	Ω
r _{on(flat)}	flatness	$V_{NC} = -100 \text{ mA}$, switch ON, and $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 12)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85°C		0.1	0.2	
		V _{NO} = 1 V, 3 V, V _{COM} = 3 V, 1 V,	T _A = 25°C	-20	2	20	
I _{NO(OFF)} , I _{NC (OFF)}	NO and NC OFF leakage current	$V_{NC} = \text{open, or } V_{NC} = 1 \text{ V}, 3 \text{ V},$ $V_{COM} = 3 \text{ V}, 1 \text{ V}, V_{NO} = \text{open, switch}$ OFF, and $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 13)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-50		50	nA
I _{NO(PWROFF)} ,	NO and NC	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}, V_{COM} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	T _A = 25°C	-10		10	
I _{NC} (PWROFF)	PWROFF leakage current	to 0 V, switch OFF, and $V_{CC} = 0 V$ (see Figure 13)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-10		10	μA
		$V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}, 3 \text{ V}, V_{NC} \text{ and } V_{COM} = \text{open},$	T _A = 25°C	-20	2	20	
I _{NO(ON)}	NC and NO ON leakage current	or $V_{NC} = 1 V, 3 V, V_{NO}$ and $V_{COM} =$ open, switch ON, and $V_{CC} = 3.6 V$ (see Figure 14)	-100		100	nA	
	COM ON leakage	V_{COM} = 1 V, V_{NO} and V_{NC} = open, or	T _A = 25°C	-20	2	20	_
I _{COM(ON)}	current	$V_{COM} = 3 \text{ V}, V_{NO} \text{ and } V_{NC} = \text{open, and}$ $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V} \text{ (see Figure 14)}$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-100		100	nA
	COM OFF leakage	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0 V to 3.6 V, V_{COM} = 3.6 V	T _A = 25°C	-10		10	μA
COM(PWROFF)	current	to 0 V, and $V_{CC} = 0$ V (see Figure 13)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-10		10	μΑ
	TROL INPUT (IN)	1					
V _{IH}	Input logic high	$V_{CC} = 3.6$ V and $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85° C		1.05		5.5	V
V _{IL}	Input logic low	$V_{CC} = 3.6$ V and $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$		0		0.65	V
I _{IH} , I _{IL}	Input leakage current	$V_{\rm I}$ = 1.95 V or 0 V, $V_{\rm CC}$ = 3.6 V, and $T_{\rm A}$ =	–40°C to 85°C	-0.05		0.5	μA
r _{IN}	Input resistance	$V_{\rm I}$ = 1.95 V, V_{CC} = 3.6 V, and $T_{\rm A}$ = –40°C		6		MΩ	
DYNAMIC		1					
t _{ON}	Turnon time $V_{COM} = V_{CC}, R_L = 50 \Omega, C_L = 35 pF$		$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \text{ and}$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		72	175	ns
-ON		(see Figure 16)	$V_{CC} = 3 V$ and $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$			185	no
t	Turnoff time	V _{COM} = V _{CC} , R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 35 pF	V_{CC} = 3.3 V and T_A = 25°C		105	165	ns
t _{OFF}	rumon ume	(see Figure 16)	$V_{CC} = 3 V$ and $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$		170		115
	Break-before-make	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}, R_{L} = 50 \Omega, C_{L} = 35 pF,$	V_{CC} = 3.3 V and T_A = 25°C	1	16	30	
t _{BBM}	time	(see Figure 17)	$V_{CC} = 3 V$ and $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		35	ns
Q _C	Charge injection	$V_{GEN} = 0$, $R_{GEN} = 0$, $C_L = 1$ nF (see Figure 21)	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \text{ and}$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		97		pC
C _{NO(OFF)}	NO OFF capacitance	$V_{NO} = V_{CC}$ or GND, switch OFF, $V_{CC} = 3$. (see Figure 15)			28		pF
C _{NC(ON)} , C _{NO(ON)}	NC and NO ON capacitance	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_{CC}$ or GND, switch ON, V_{C} and $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$ (see Figure 15)	$_{\rm CC} = 3.3 \text{V},$		115		pF

(1) The algebraic convention (whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum)

7

Electrical Characteristics – 3.3-V Supply (continued)

1	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
C _{COM(ON)}	COM ON capacitance	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$ or GND, switch ON, $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (see Figure 15)	115		pF
CI	Digital input capacitance	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND, V_{CC} = 3.3 V, and T_{A} = 25°C (see Figure 15)	3		pF
BW	Bandwidth	R_L = 50 $\Omega,$ switch ON, V_{CC} = 3.3 V, and T_A = 25°C (see Figure 18)	54		MHz
O _{ISO}	OFF isolation	R_L = 50 $\Omega,$ f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = 3.3 V, and T_A = 25°C (see Figure 19)	-63		dB
X _{TALK}	Crosstalk	R_L = 50 $\Omega,$ f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = 3.3 V, and T_A = 25°C (see Figure 20)	-63		dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	R_L = 600 Ω,C_L = 50 pF, f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, V_{CC} = 3.3 V, and T_A = 25°C (see Figure 22)	0.004%		
SUPPLY					
ICC	Positive supply current	V_{IN} = 1.95 V or GND, V_{CC} = 3.6 V, and T_{A} = 25°C		10	μA

6.7 Electrical Characteristics – 2.5-V Supply

 V_{CC} = 2.25 V to 2.75 V and T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted) $^{(1)}$

PA	RAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
ANALOG SWI	ІТСН						
		$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1.8 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		1.1	1.3	_
r _{on}	ON-state resistance	switch ON, and V _{CC} = 2.25 V (see Figure 12)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$			1.6	Ω
	ON-state resistance	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1.8 \text{ V}, 0.8 \text{ V},$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		0.15	0.2	
Δr_{on}	match between channels	$I_{COM} = -100$ mA, switch ON, and $V_{CC} = 2.25$ V (see Figure 12)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$			0.2	Ω
		$\begin{array}{l} 0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_{CC}, \ I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}, \\ V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}, \text{ and } T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (see Figure } 100 \text{ mA}) \end{array}$			0.4		
r _{on(flat)}	ON-state resistance flatness	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 0.8 \text{ V}, 1 \text{ V}, 1.8 \text{ V},$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		0.25	0.5	Ω
		$I_{COM} = -100$ mA, switch ON, and $V_{CC} = 2.25$ V (see Figure 12)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$			0.6	
I _{NO(OFF)} , NO and NC OFF I _{NC (OFF)} leakage current		$V_{NO} = 0.5 V, 2.2 V, V_{COM} = 2.2 V, 0.5 V,$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-20	2	20	
		$ V_{NC} = \text{open, or } V_{NC} = 0.5 \text{ V}, 2.2 \text{ V}, \\ V_{COM} = 2.2 \text{ V}, 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{NO} = \text{open, switch} \\ OFF, and V_{CC} = 2.75 \text{ V} (see Figure 13) $	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-50		50	nA
I _{NO(PWROFF)} ,	NO and NC	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0 V to 2.75 V, V_{COM} = 2.75	T _A = 25°C	-10		10	
INC (PWROFF)	PWROFF leakage current	V to 0 V, switch OFF, and $V_{CC} = 0 V$ (see Figure 13)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-10		10	μA
		V_{NO} = 0.5 V, 2.2 V, V_{NC} and	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-20	2	20	
	NC and NO ON leakage current	$\label{eq:VCOM} \begin{array}{l} V_{COM} = open, \mbox{ or } V_{NC} = 2.2 \ V, \ 0.5 \ V, \ V_{NO} \\ \mbox{ and } V_{COM} = open, \mbox{ switch ON}, \mbox{ and} \\ V_{CC} = 2.75 \ V \ (\mbox{see Figure 14}) \end{array}$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-100		100	nA
		$V_{COM} = 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{NO} \text{ and } V_{NC} = \text{open, or}$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-20	2	20	
	COM ON leakage current	V_{COM} = 2.2 V, V_{NO} and V_{NC} = open, switch ON, and V_{CC} = 2.75 V (see Figure 14)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-100		100	nA
l	COM OFF leakage	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0 V to 2.75 V, V_{COM} = 2.75	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-10		10	
ICOM(PWROFF)	current	V to 0 V, and $V_{CC} = 0$ V (see Figure 13)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-10 1		10	μA

(1) The algebraic convention (whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum)

Electrical Characteristics – 2.5-V Supply (continued)

 V_{CC} = 2.25 V to 2.75 V and T_{A} = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted) $^{(1)}$

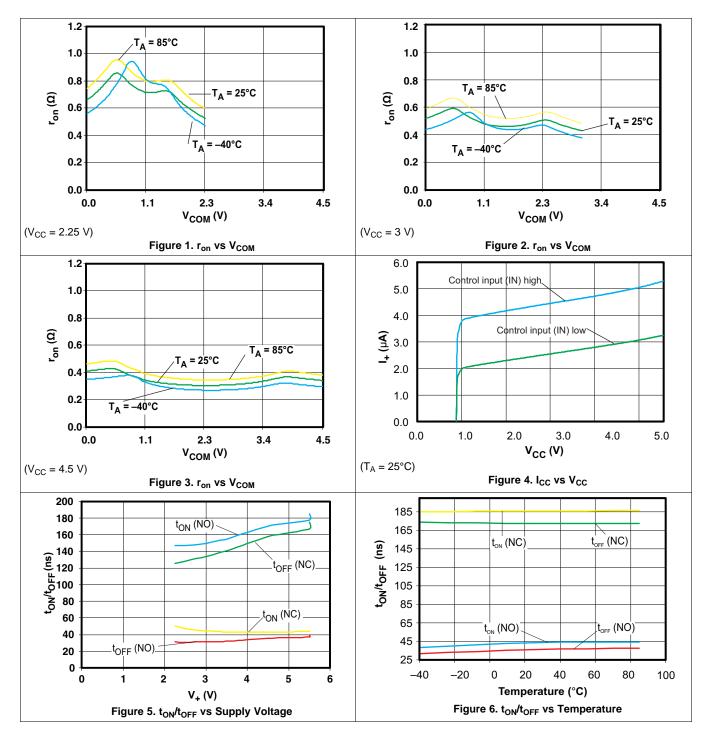
F	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
DIGITAL CO	ONTROL INPUT (IN)						
V _{IH}	Input logic high	V_{CC} = 2.75 V and T_A = -40°C to 85°C		1.05		5.5	V
V _{IL}	Input logic low	V_{CC} = 2.75 V and T_A = -40°C to 85°C		0		0.65	V
I _{IH} , I _{IL}	Input leakage current	$V_{\rm IN}$ = 1.95 V or 0, $V_{\rm CC}$ = 2.75 V, and $T_{\rm A}$ =	–40°C to 85°C	-0.05		0.5	μA
r _{IN}	Input resistance	V_{IN} = 1.95 V, V_{CC} = 2.75 V, and T_{A} = –40	°C to 85°C		6		MΩ
DYNAMIC							
	Turnon time	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$, and $C_L = 35 pF$	V_{CC} = 2.5 V and T_A = 25°C		97	170	20
t _{ON}	Turnon time	(see Figure 16)	V_{CC} = 2.25 V and T _A = -40°C to 85°C			175	ns
		$V_{\text{COM}} = V_{\text{CC}}, \text{ R}_{\text{L}} = 50 \ \Omega, \text{ and } \text{ C}_{\text{L}} = 35 \text{ pF}$	V_{CC} = 2.5 V and T_A = 25°C		80	155	
tOFF	Turnoff time	(see Figure 16)	V_{CC} = 2.25 V and T _A = -40°C to 85°C			160	ns
	. Break-before-make	V_{COM} = V_{CC} , R_L = 50 $\Omega,$ and C_L = 35 pF (see Figure 17)	$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ and $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	5	18	35	
t _{BBM} time	time		$V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V and}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	5		40	ns
Q _C	Charge injection	$V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0, C_L = 1 \text{ nF}, V_{CC} = 2.5$ (see Figure 21)		82		рС	
C _{NO(OFF)}	NO OFF capacitance	$V_{NO} = V_{CC}$ or GND, switch OFF, $V_{CC} = 2$. (see Figure 15)		29		pF	
C _{NC(ON)} , C _{NO(ON)}	NC and NO ON capacitance	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_{CC}$ or GND, switch ON, V_{C} and $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$ (see Figure 15)		116		pF	
C _{COM(ON)}	COM ON capacitance	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$ or GND, switch ON, $V_{CC} = 2$. (see Figure 15)	5 V, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		116		pF
CI	Digital input capacitance	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND, $V_{CC} = 2.5$ V, and $T_A = (see Figure 15)$	25°C		3		pF
BW	Bandwidth	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, switch ON, $V_{CC} = 2.5 V$, and T (see Figure 18)	$A = 25^{\circ}C$		54		MHz
O _{ISO}	OFF isolation	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz, $V_{CC} = 2.5 V$, and T (see Figure 19)	R_L = 50 $\Omega,$ f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = 2.5 V, and T_A = 25°C				dB
X _{TALK}	Crosstalk	R_L = 50 Ω , f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = 2.5 V, and T (see Figure 20)		-63		dB	
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$ \begin{array}{l} R_{L} = 600 \; \Omega, C_{L} = 50 \; pF, V_{CC} = 2.5 \; V, f = 3 \\ T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \; (\text{see Figure 22}) \end{array} $	20 Hz to 20 kHz, and	(0.008%		
SUPPLY							
ICC	Positive supply current	$V_{\rm IN}$ = 1.95 V or GND, $V_{\rm CC}$ = 2.75 V, and T	$\Gamma_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$			10	μA

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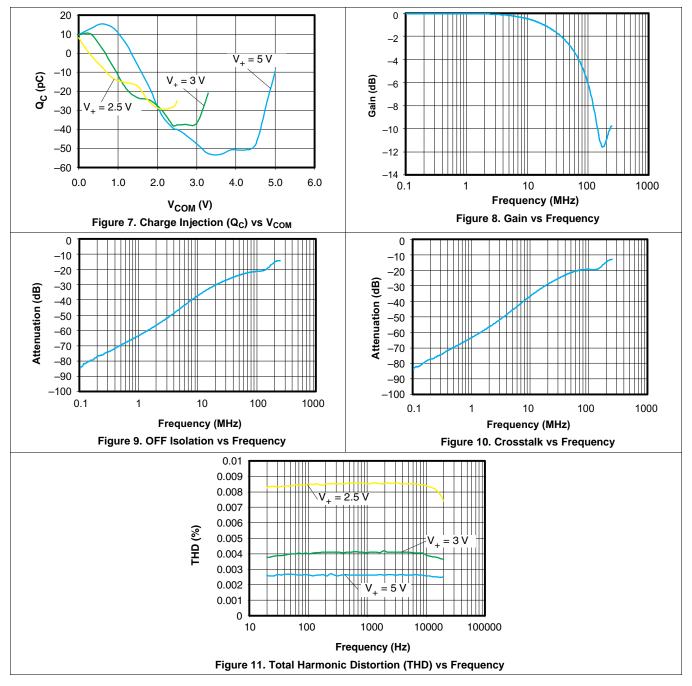
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6.8 Typical Characteristics





Typical Characteristics (continued)



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7 Parameter Measurement Information

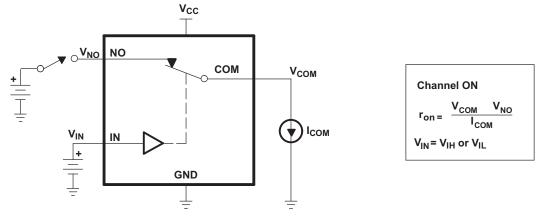


Figure 12. ON-State Resistance (ron)

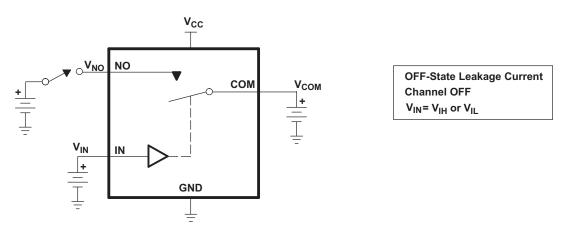


Figure 13. OFF-State Leakage Current (I_{COM(OFF)}, I_{NC(OFF)}, I_{COM(PWROFF)}, I_{NC(PWR(FF)})

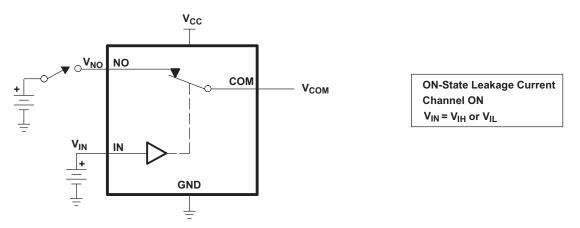
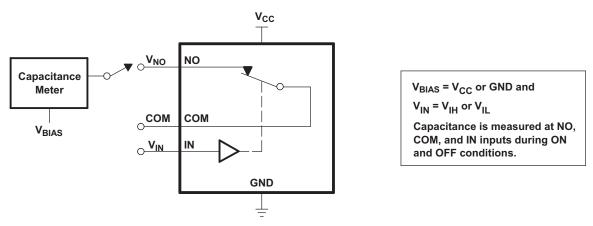


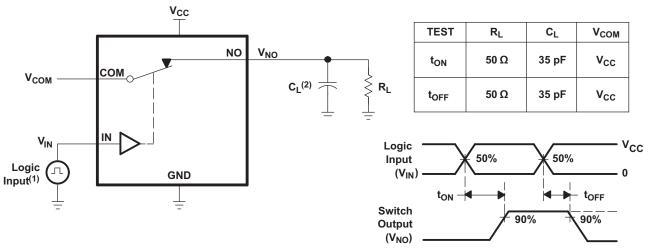
Figure 14. ON-State Leakage Current (I_{COM(ON)}, I_{NC(ON)})



Parameter Measurement Information (continued)





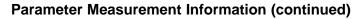


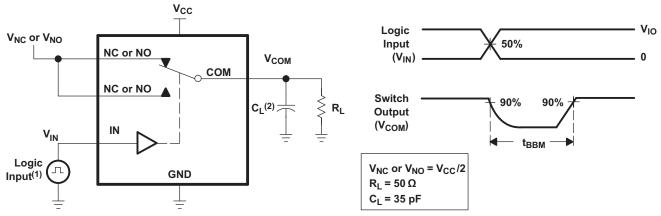
- A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z₀ = 50 Ω , t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 16. Turnon (t_{ON}) and Turnoff Time (t_{OFF})

ISTRUMENTS

EXAS





A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω , t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.

B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.



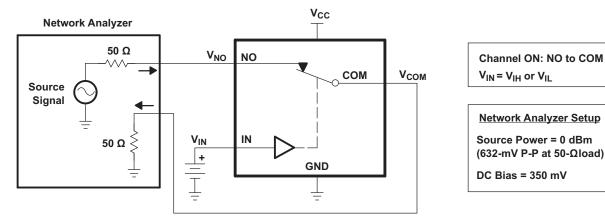
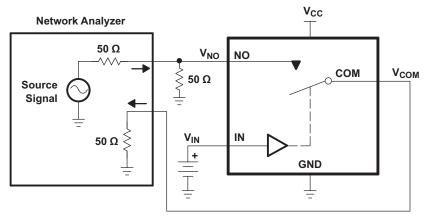
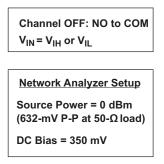


Figure 18. Bandwidth (BW)









Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

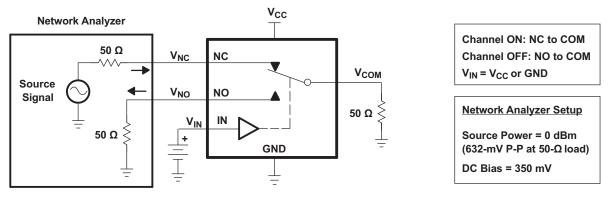
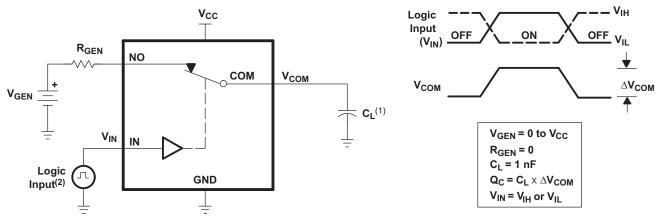
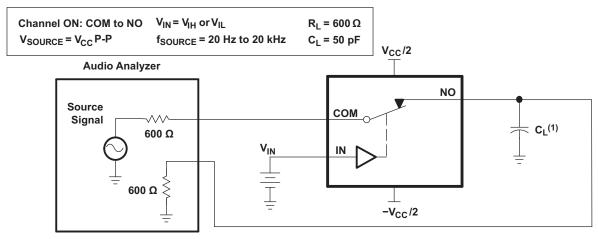


Figure 20. Crosstalk (X_{TALK})

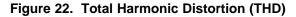


- A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω , t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.





A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.



TS5A12301E SCES707C – AUGUST 2008 – REVISED DECEMBER 2016



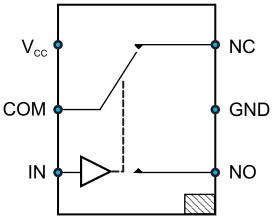
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8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TS5A12301E device is a bidirectional, 1-channel, 1:2 mux, or single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switch. This switch offers low ON-state resistance and excellent THD performance, which makes it great for interfacing with an ADC.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



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8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Isolation

Isolation in power-down mode prevents current leakage through the device's signal path when $V_{CC} = 0$ V. This allows signals to be present on the COM, NO, or NC pins before the device is powered up without damaging the device.

8.3.2 1.8-V Compatible Logic

The TS5A12301E supports 1.8-V logic irrespective to the supply voltage applied to the IC.

8.3.3 Integrated Control Input Pulldown

There is an integrated 6-M Ω pulldown resistor on the digital control input pin (IN) to keep the device in a known logic state during power up without needing an external component.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 lists the functional modes of the TS5A12301E.

IN	NC TO COM, COM TO NC	NO TO COM, COM TO NO							
L or Open	ON	OFF							
Н	OFF	ON							

Table 1. Function Table



9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The switch is bidirectional, so the NO, NC, and COM pins may be used as either inputs or outputs.

9.2 Typical Application

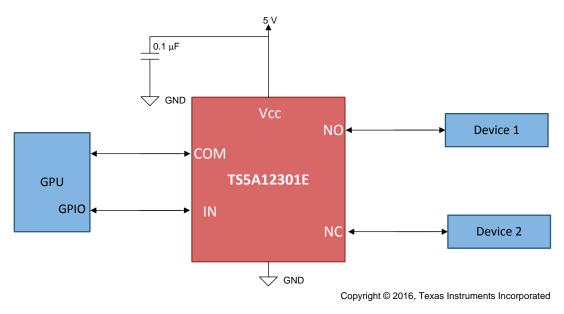


Figure 23. Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

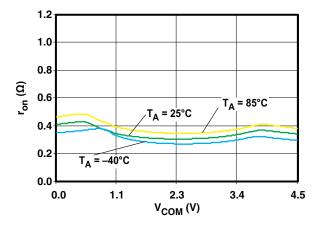
This TS5A12301E application may be properly operated without any external components. Unused pins (for example, COM, NC, and NO) may be left floating. Digital control pin (IN) has an integrated $6-M\Omega$ pulldown resistor, so no external component is required to keep the logic pin in a known state.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To ensure proper performance, keep all signals passing through the switch within the ranges specified in *Recommended Operating Conditions*.

Typical Application (continued)

9.2.3 Application Curve



 $V_{CC} = 4.5 V$ Figure 24. r_{on} vs V_{COM}

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The TS5A12301E does not have power sequencing requirements. If there is a voltage present on the COM, NC, and NO pins before power is supplied to the VCC pin, the isolation feature in power-down mode ($V_{CC} = 0$) protects the device and signal path.

Although it is not required, power-supply bypassing improves noise margin and prevents switching noise propagation from the VCC supply to other components. A $0.1-\mu$ F capacitor, connected from VCC to GND, is adequate for most applications.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

High-speed switches require proper layout and design procedures for optimum performance. Reduce stray inductance and capacitance by keeping traces short and wide. Ensure that bypass capacitors are placed as close to the device as possible. Use large ground planes where possible.

11.2 Layout Example

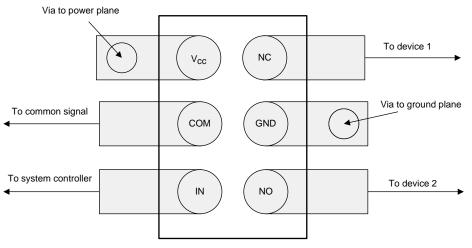


Figure 25. TS5A12301E Layout



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E[™] Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support TI's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



10-Dec-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Devic	e State	is Pack	kage Type I	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TS5A12301EYFP	R ACTI	VE D	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(3W2, 3W7, 3WN)	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <= 1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <= 1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(⁶⁾ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



All dimensions are nominal	

Device	•	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS5A12301EYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	178.0	9.2	0.89	1.29	0.62	4.0	8.0	Q1

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

18-Jan-2020



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS5A12301EYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

YFP0006



PACKAGE OUTLINE

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



YFP0006

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



YFP0006

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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